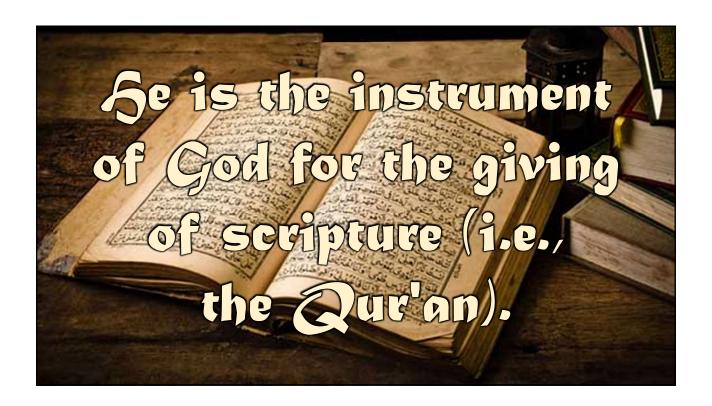


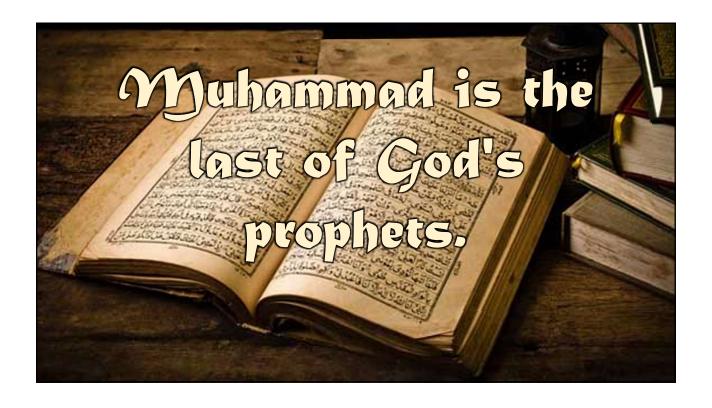
Sura 66:1. O Prophet! Why do you ban (for yourself) that which Allah has made lawful to you, seeking to please your wives? And Allah is Oft-Forgiving, Most Merciful.



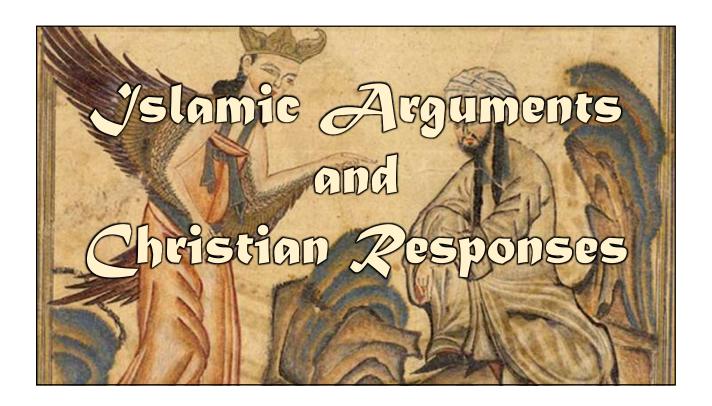
Sura 3:3, 7. It is He Who has sent down the Book to you with truth, confirming what came before it. And he sent down the Taurat (Torah) and the Injeel (Gospel). ... It is He Who has sent down to you the Book. In it are Verses that are entirely clear, they are the foundations of the Book, Al-Fara'id (obligatory duties) and Al-Hudud (legal laws for the punishment of thieves, adulterers, etc.)]; and others not entirely clear.

Sura 5:15. O people of the Scripture! Now has come to you Our Messenger explaining to you much of that which you used to hide from the Scripture and passing over much. Indeed, there has come to you from Allah a light and a plain Book.

Sura 6:19. Say (O Muhammad): "What thing is the most great in witness?" Say: "Allah is Witness between me and you; this Qur'an has been revealed to me that I may therewith warn you and whomsoever it may reach."



Sura 33:40. Muhammad is not the father of any man among you, but he is the Messenger of Allah and the last of the Prophets. And Allah is Ever All-Aware of everything.

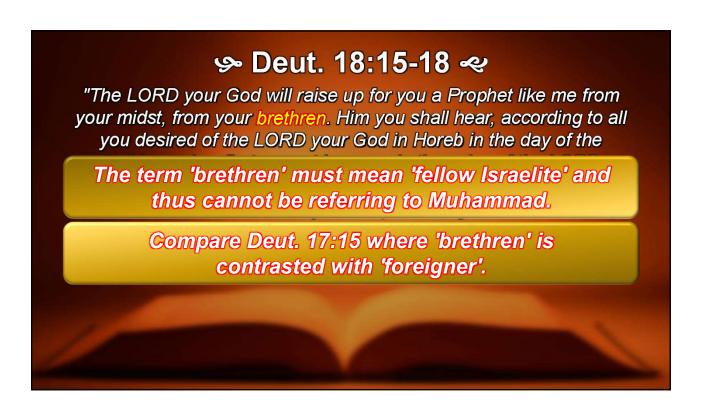


Islam Claims the Bible Vredicted the Coming of Muhammad in Deut. 18:15–18.

"The LORD your God will raise up for you a Prophet like me from your midst, from your brethren. Him you shall hear, according to all you desired of the LORD your God in Horeb in the day of the assembly, saying, 'Let me not hear again the voice of the LORD my God, nor let me see this great fire anymore, lest I die.' "And the LORD said to me: 'What they have spoken is good. 'I will raise up for them a Prophet like you from among their brethren, and will put My words in His mouth, and He shall speak to them all that I command Him.

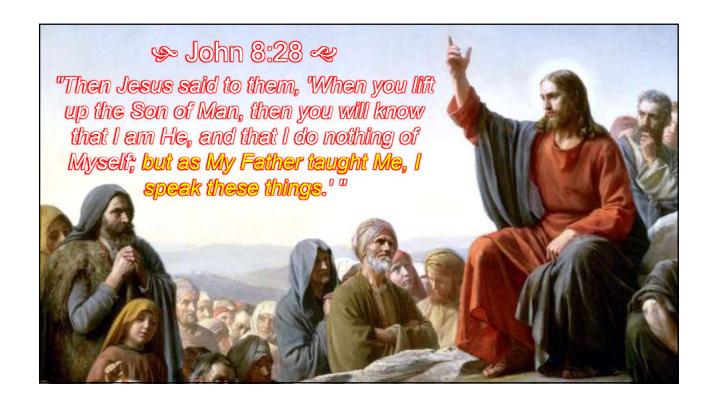


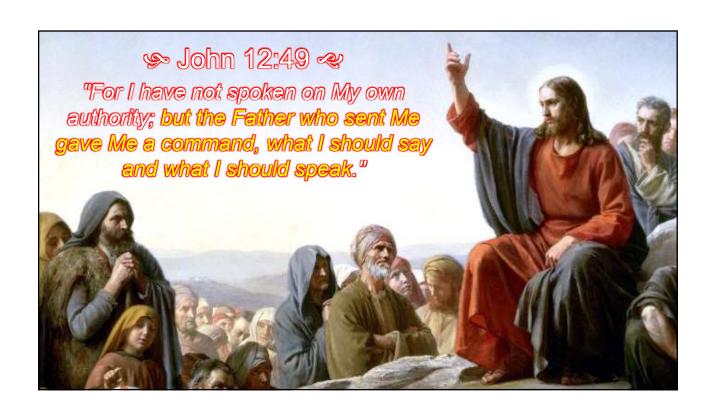
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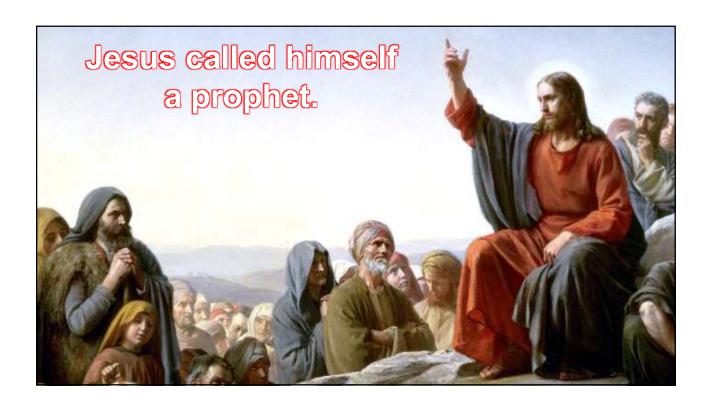


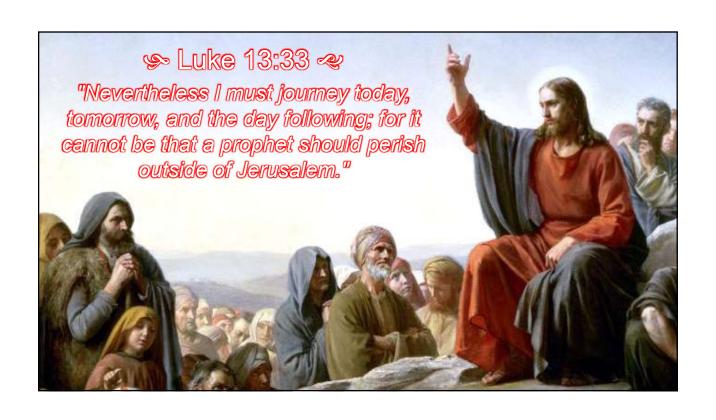


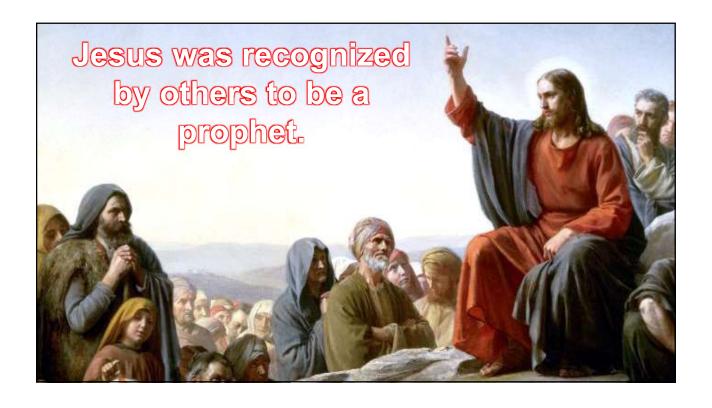


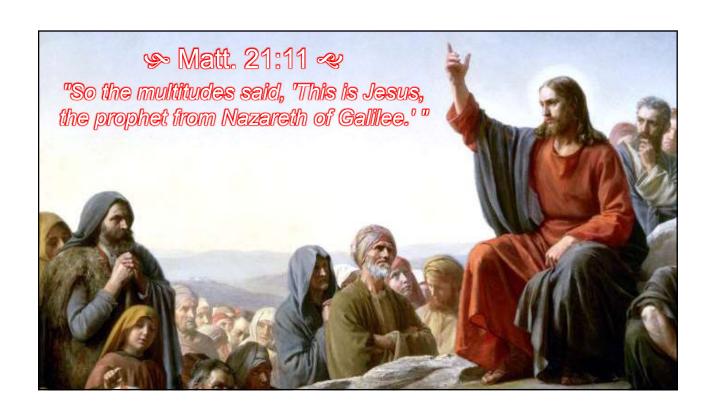


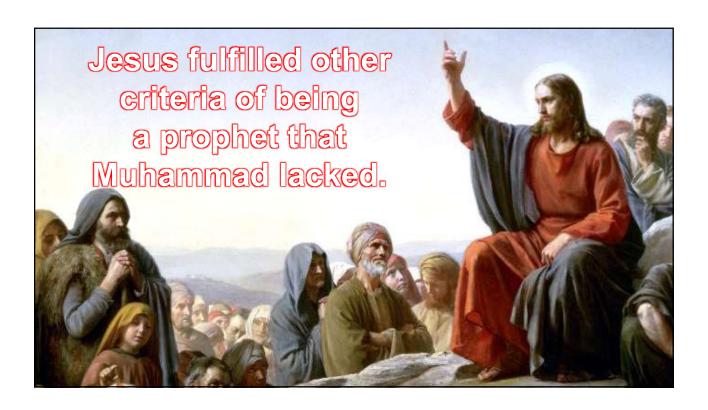


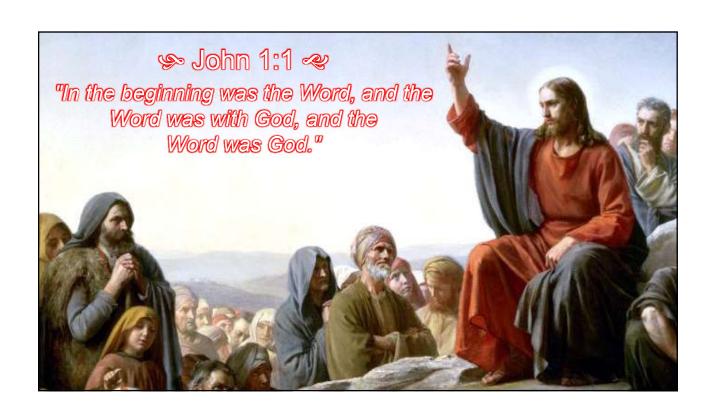


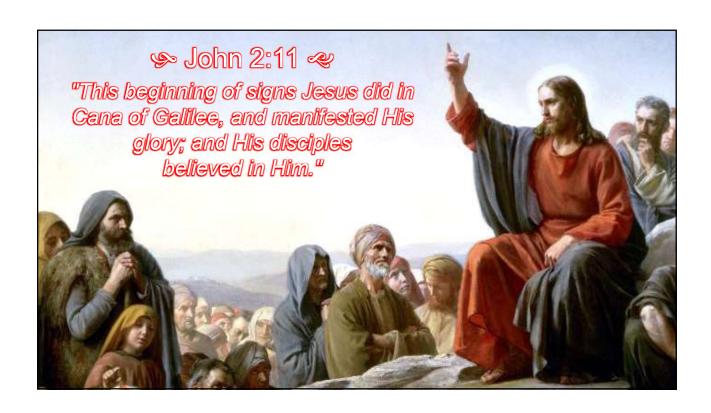


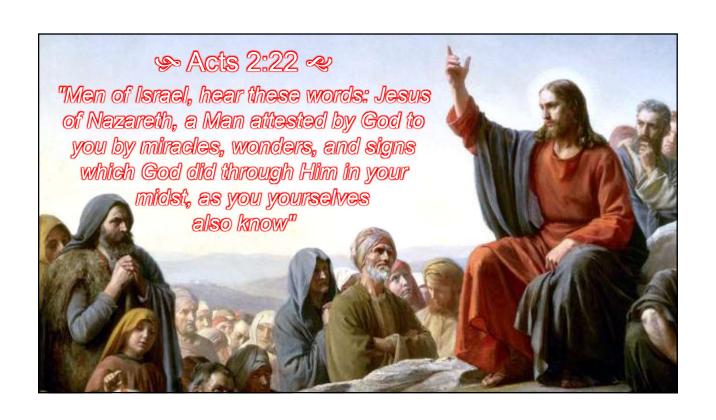


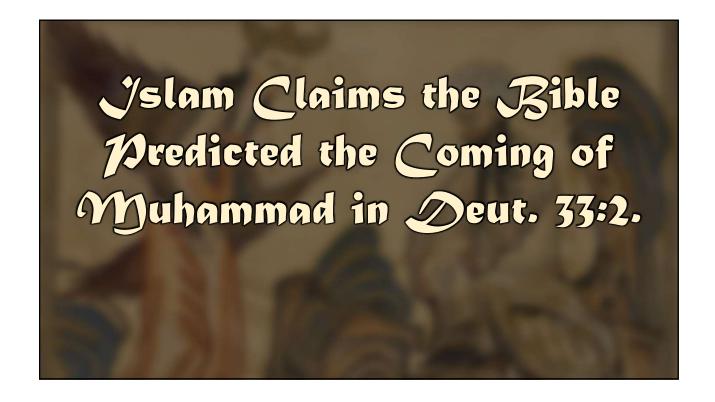


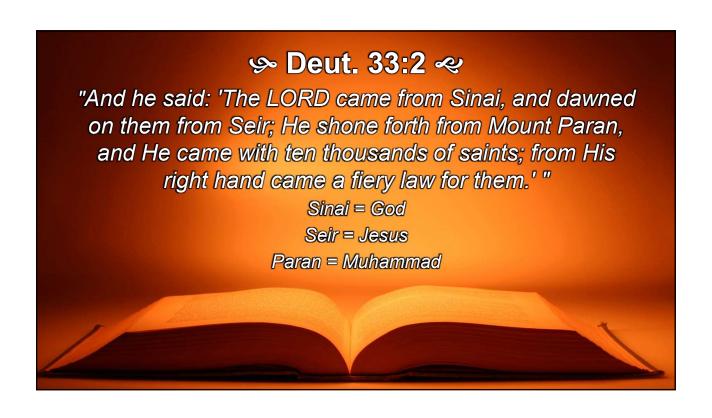




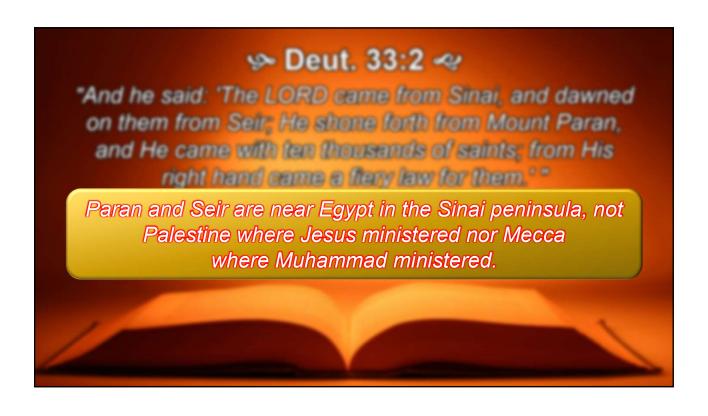




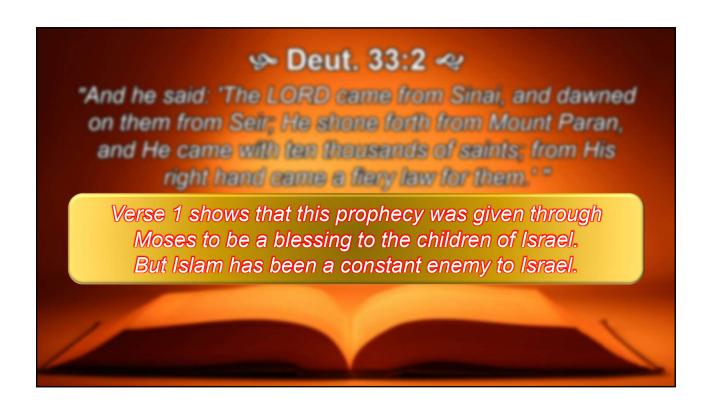






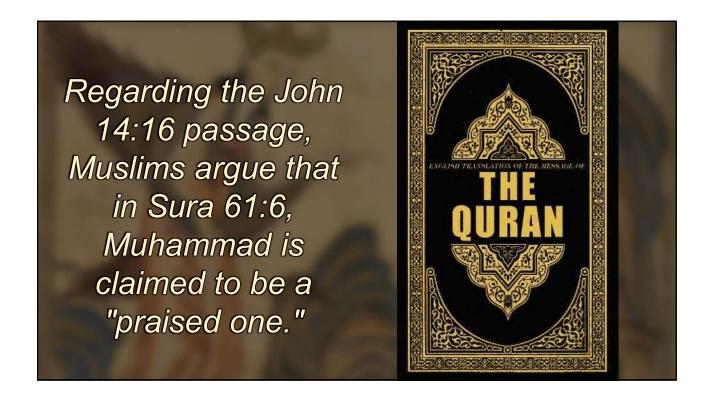












Sura 61:6 Regarding the John And when 'lesa (Jesus), son of Maryam (Mary), said: 14:16 passage, "O Children of Israel! I am the Messenger of Allah unto Muslims argue that you confirming the Taurat (Torah) before me, and in Sura 61:6, giving glad tidings of a Messenger to come after Muhammad is me, whose name shall be <mark>\hmed</mark> (much praised). But claimed to be a when he (i.e. Muhammad) came to them with clear "praised one." proofs, they said: "This is plain magic."





"Some scholars believe that what Jesus (peace be upon him) said in his own Aramaic tongue in these verses represents more closely the Greek word "Periklytos" which means the admirable or glorified one. This word corresponds exactly to the Arabic word "Muhammad" which also means the "admired one" or "glorified one." In other words, "Periklytos" is "Muhammad" in Greek.

[from http://www.answering-christianity.com/prediction.htm, accessed 03/04/23]

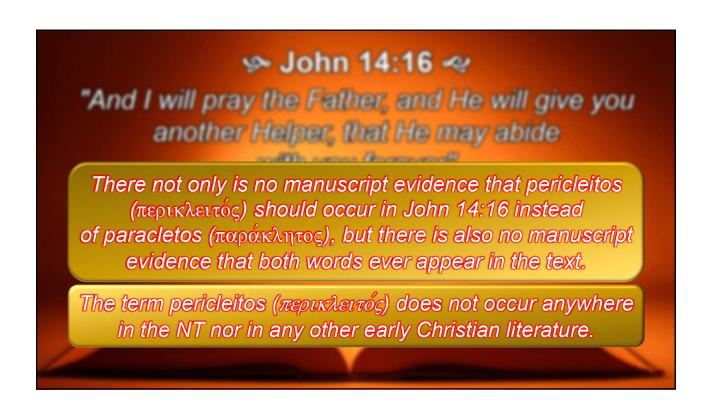
Sura 61:6

And when 'lesa (Jesus), son of Maryam (Mary), said: "O Children of Israel! I am the Messenger of Allah unto you confirming the Taurat (Torah) before me, and giving glad tidings of a Messenger to come after me, whose name shall be Ahmed (much praised). But when he (i.e. Muhammad) came to them with clear proofs, they said: "This is plain magic."



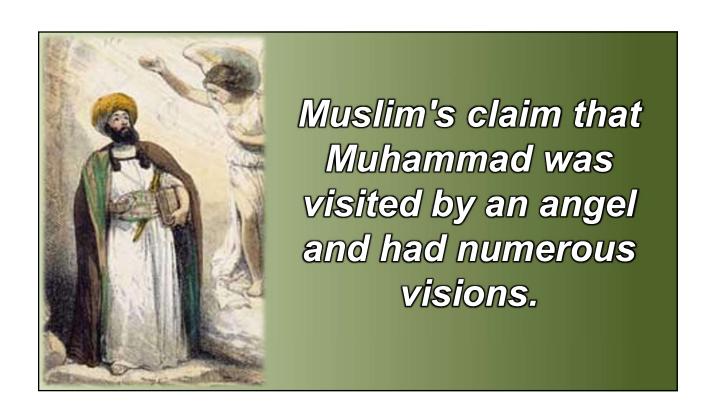
"It is also quite possible that both Sura 61:6 words were contained in the And when 'lesa (Jesus), original text but were dropped by a son of Maryam (Mary), said: copyist because of the ancient "O Children of Israel! I am custom of writing words closely the Messenger of Allah unto you confirming the Taurat packed, with no spaces in-(Torah) before me, and between them. In such a case the giving glad tidings of a original reading would have been: Messenger to come after "and He will give you another me, whose name shall be Ahmed (much praised). But comforter(Parakletos), the when he (i.e. Muhammad) admirable one(Periklytos)" came to them with clear [from http://www.answering-christianity.com/prediction.htm, accessed proofs, they said: "This is plain magic."



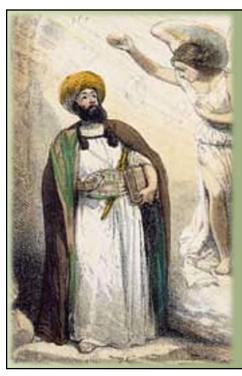


The helper Jesus promised would abide with them "forever" but Muhammad did not. Jesus said the helper would be "in you" but Muhammad could not have been "in" the disciples since they lived 600 years before Muhammad.

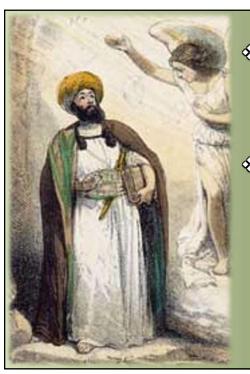
Islam Claims that Muhammad's Angelic Visitations and Visions Confirm His Call





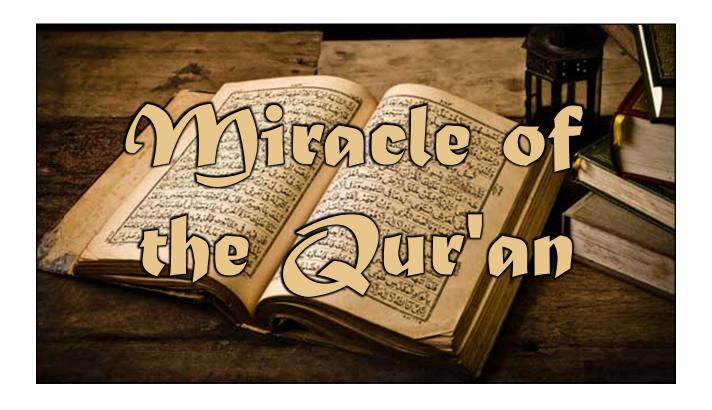


- Muhammad himself questioned the experience. Some feared that he had been visited by a demon or even Satan.
- Some of Muhammad's experience seemed to involved contact with the dead, an occult practice.
- Right after the supposed "call" Muhammad went through a period of silence during which he fell into the depths of despair, even contemplating suicide.

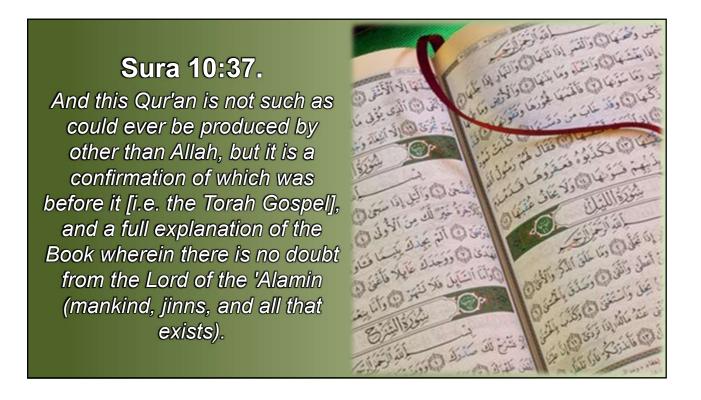


- According to some biographers, Muhammad set forth some revelations that he later recanted. (cf. Sura 53:19-23)
- Other religions claim visitations from angels. The spirits must be tested. (1 John 4:1)

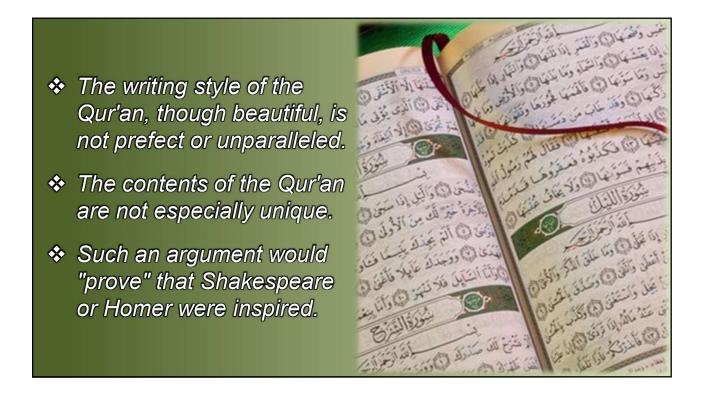
Jslam Claims that Muhammad's Miracles Confirm Sis Call: The Miracle of the Qur'an



Muhammad claimed that the language and teaching of the Qur'an were proof that his message was from God.









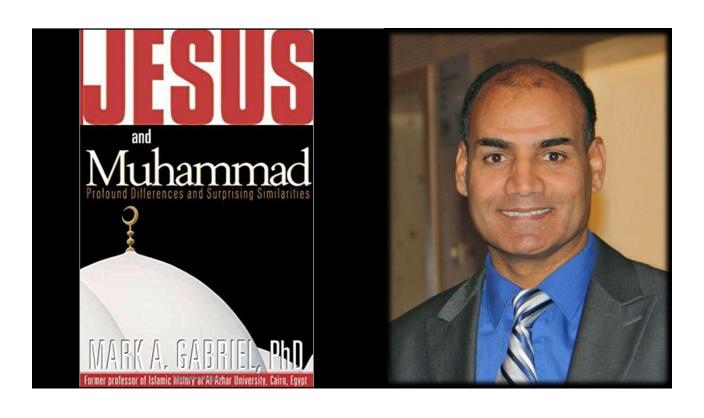
While many Muslims claim that the "miracle" of the Qur'an is Muhammad's only miracle, some claim that the Qur'an records that Muhammad did other miracles.

The Splitting of the Moon: Sura 54:1-2

The Miracle of the Miraj: Sura 17:1

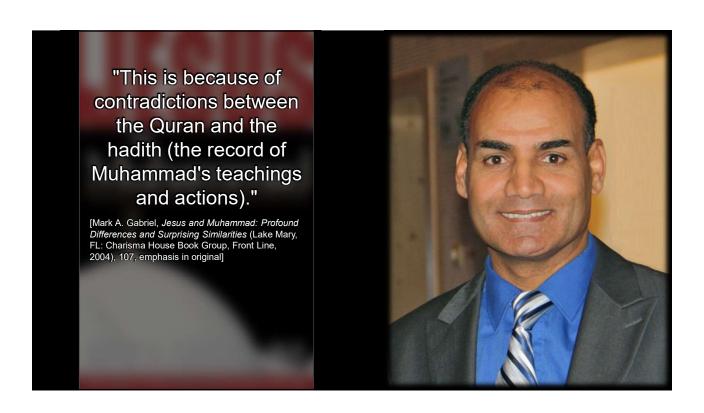
The Splitting of Muhammad's Breast Sura: 94:1-2, 8

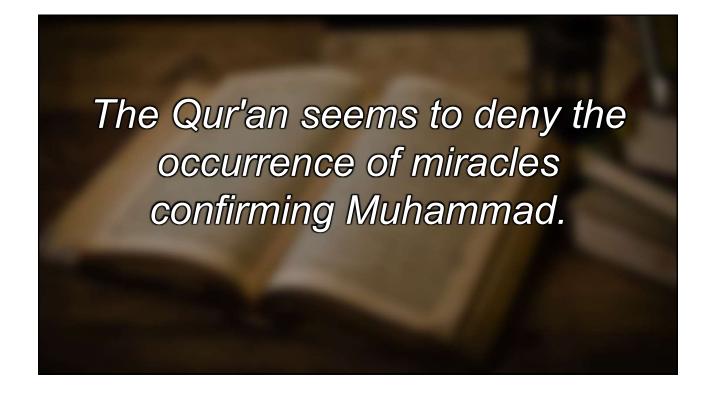




"Whether Muhammad performed healings and miracles is a controversial topic among Muslims.

Muslims accept that Jesus performed miracles (as supported by the Quran), but not everyone agrees on whether Muhammad performed miracles.





Sura 29:50-51

And they say: "Why are not signs sent down to him from his Lord? Say: "The signs are only with Allah, and I am only a plain warner." {51} Is it not sufficient for them that We have sent down to you the Book (the Qur'an) which is recited to them? Verily, herein is mercy and a reminder (or an admonition) for a people who believe.

The Splitting of the Moon Sura 54:1-2

"The Hour has drawn near, and the moon has been cleft asunder. {2} And if they see a sign, they turn away, and say: 'This is continuous magic.' "

- ❖ Muhammad is not mentioned in the passage.
- It is not called a miracle.
- If it was a miracle by Muhammad, it would contradict Sura 3:181-184 which denied such nature miracles to Muhammad.

Sura 3:181-184

"To those that declare: 'Allah has commanded us to believe no apostle unless he brings down fire to consume an offering,' say: 'Other apostles before me have come to you with veritable signs and worked the miracles you asked for. Why did you slay them, if what you say be true?'

If they reject you, know that other apostles have been rejected before you, although they worked miracles and brought down psalms and the light-giving Scriptures."

- Muhammad is not mentioned in the passage.
- ❖ It is not called a miracle.
- If it was a miracle by Muhammad, it would contradict Sura 3:181-184 which denied such nature miracles to Muhammad.
- Some Muslim scholars say this is referring to the resurrection of the last days, not a miracle in Muhammad's day.

The Miracle of the Miraj Sura 17:1

"Glorified be He Who took His slave for a journey by night from Al-Masjid-al-Haram to the farthest mosque (in Jerusalem), the neighborhood whereof We have blessed, in order that We might show him of Our Ayat (proofs, evidences, lessons, signs, etc.). Verily, He is the All-Hearer, the All-Seer."

- ❖ There is no reason to take this journey as literal.
- Even some Muslim scholars do not take this literally.

What is more, this event does not meet the criteria that Muslim scholars set forth for an act to be a miracle, to wit:

- ❖ is an act of God that cannot be done by any creature;
- is contrary to the customary course of things in that class;
- * is aimed at proving the authenticity of that prophet;
- is preceded by the announcement of a forthcoming miracle;
- proceeds in the exact manner it was announced;

What is more, this event does not meet the criteria that Muslim scholars set forth for an act to be a miracle, to wit:

- occurs only through the hands of the prophet;
- ❖ in no way disavows Muhammad's prophetic claim;
- is accompanied by a challenge to reduplicate it;
- and cannot be followed by a duplication by anyone present.

[The Encyclopedia of Islam, s.v. "Mudjiza," as cited in Norman L. Geisler and Abdul Saleeb, Answering Islam: The Crescent in the Light of the Cross (Grand Rapids: Baker, 1993), 160]

The Splitting of Muhammad's Breast Sura 94:1-3

"Have We not opened your breast for you? 2. And removed from you your burden, 3. Which weighed down your back?"

